## Homo erectus

According to most modern anthropologists *H. erectus* are the evolutionary intermediaries between the Australopithecines and modern humans. In reality they are simply variations of the descendants of Adam. They have a long prehistory and have existed up until recently modern times.

- They existed more than 1.6 mya (Brown 1985).
- They existed as recently as 27,000 years ago and at the same time as modern man (Swisher 1996).
- Some anthropologists indicate that they may have been alive as recently as 6,500 years ago and have a widespread range (Freedman 1979).
- The postcranial bones (skeleton below the neck) are identical to that of modern man
- The skull capacity of *H. erectus* is 700-1200 cc, this is within the range of modern man.
- They were skilled hunters.
- *H. erectus* fossils have been found in association with tools, fire, burial/cremation, and red ocher, a dye used in skin coloring.

Homo erectus are simply a variation of modern man and are descendents of Adam.